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**SIDDHARTH INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY:: PUTTUR**  
(AUTONOMOUS)**M.Tech I Year I Semester (R16) Regular Examinations January 2017****TURBO MACHINES**

(Thermal Engineering)

(For Students admitted in 2016 only)

Time: **3 hours**Max. Marks: **60**(Answer all Five Units **5 X 12 =60** Marks)**UNIT-I**

- Q.1**
- |    |   |    |
|----|---|----|
| a. | Classify the turbo machines.  | 3M |
| b. | List out the applications of turbo machines   | 3M |
| c. | Show the following processes between two finite states:<br>i) Flow process: ii) Non flow process: | 6M |

**OR**

- Q.2**
- |    |  |    |
|----|--|----|
| a. | Explain about static and stagnation conditions in turbo machines                                     | 6M |
| b. | Prove that for an adiabatic turbo machine the work transfer equals the change in stagnation enthalpy | 6M |

**UNIT-II**

- Q.3**
- |    |  |    |
|----|--|----|
| a. | With neat sketches explain the working of Steam Turbines   | 6M |
| b. | The throat diameter of round sectioned nozzle is 0.6 cm, steam with and initial pressure of 10 bar dry and saturated is expanded to 1.5 bar. What is the mass flow rate and exit velocity? | 6M |

**OR**

- Q.4**
- |    |  |    |
|----|--|----|
| a. | Explain the effect of variation of back pressure with suitable sketches  | 6M |
| b. | The rotor of an impulse turbine is 60 cm diameter and runs at 14000 rpm. The nozzles are at $20^\circ$ to the plane of the wheel and the steam leaves them at 500 m/s. The blade outlet angle is $30^\circ$ and the friction factor is 0.65. Calculate the power developed/kg of steam/second and the diagram efficiency | 6M |

**UNIT-III**

- Q.5**
- |    |  |    |
|----|--|----|
| a. | Define Mach Number and State the importance of Mach Number   | 5M |
| b. | Derive the energy equation for flow through an oblique shock | 7M |

**OR**

- Q.6**
- |   |  |     |
|---|--|-----|
| A jet of air at 275 K and 0.69 bar has an initial Mach number of 2.0. If it passes through a normal shock wave, determine: (a) Mach number. (b) Pressure. (c) Temperature. (d) Jet velocity, downstream of the shock. |  | 12M |
|---|--|-----|

**UNIT-IV**

**Q.7** Derive an expression for Degree of Reaction for an axial flow compressor 12M

**OR**

**Q.8** A centrifugal compressor compresses air from 1 bar and 200C to 1.5 bars. The index of compression as 1.5. The flow velocity at inlets & outlets of the machine is same and equal to 65 m/sec. The inlet 7 outlet impeller diameter is 0.32 m 7 0.62 m blowers rotates at 8000 rpm. Calculate  
i. The blade angle at inlet & outlet of impeller  
ii. The absolute angle at tip of the impeller. 12M

**UNIT-V**

**Q.9** Explain about the following:  
i. Efficiencies of an axial flow gas turbine.  
ii. Degree of reaction  
iii. Aero-foil sections 12M

**OR**

**Q.10** a. Derive the expression for energy transfer in terms of blade lift and drag coefficients. 6M  
b. How the losses are estimated in axial flow gas turbine? Explain. 6M

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